

UPDATE ON IDP SITUATION

SHELTER CLUSTER | WEST SUMATRA EARTHQUAKE RESPONSE

This update has been prepared by the Shelter Cluster Coordination Team.

Version: **Friday, 23rd April 2010**

1 Introduction

A joint draft report was produced by IOM and UN-OCHA on the IDP situation in February 2010 which identified groups/camps of households in nine locations.

A further report was produced in March/April by Oxfam

From these reports five locations were identified as having shelter concerns.

To follow up on these reports from February SCCT conducted various activities which can be mentioned as follows.

1. Meet with agencies to advocate for sphere standards.
2. Site visit to IDP locations with shelter concerns as follows:
 - Tandikek at Patamuan Sub-district at Pariaman district. March 4, 2010
 - Ambung Kapua at Pariaman District. March 4, 2010
 - Sungai Batang at Tanjung Raya sub-district at Agam district. March 11, 2010
 - Lubuk Laweh, Nagari Tandikek, Patamuan sub-district at Padang Pariaman district. April 8, 2010
 - Parik, Korong Sinia Aie, Nagari Malalak Selatan, Malalak sub-district, Agam District. April 8, 2010
3. Meeting with the village officials. There are meetings with the village officials and can be mentioned as follows:
 - Meeting at Sungai Batang Wali Nagari office with 4 village and camp officials on April 5, 2010
 - Meeting at Pariaman with 11 village and camp officials and camp on April 15, 2010.

2 Field visit findings

Summary of the findings:

#	Location	Unit or # HH	Agency	Findings	Remarks
1	Tandikek, Patamuan Sub-district, Pariaman district	48 HH in IDP camp	Yayasan Aksi Cepat Tanggap (ACT Foundation)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Each room for 1 family (2.8x3 m) is below SPHERE standard. ▪ WASH: Toilet 4, bathroom 3, one block for male and female ▪ Total population 193 which around 50% are landless due to landslide affected area ▪ Barrack completed on 	Proposed solution: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Agencies who are interested on temporary shelter can provide temporary shelter to the 50% of population which has land nearby, as the on-site assistance of T-Shelter. ▪ The remaining 50% of population can get bigger space by renovating the

#	Location	Unit or # HH	Agency	Findings	Remarks
				<p>October 2009 and the land rent due on September 2010</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Facility: Mosque, temporary school (the permanent school construction is underway funded by Rotary International), training facility for women. 	barrack.
2	Ambung Kapua at Pariaman District	121 unit with 116 HH and 5 facilitators all in 1 IDP camp	Yayasan Aksi Cepat Tanggap (ACT Foundation)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SPHERE standard concern 2 toilet blocks but 1 block is not working and no separation for man and woman. Criteria on beneficiaries: Vulnerable people (old women, single women and children) The beneficiaries are expecting to leave the barrack and get assistance on housing support. During the site visit we found out 50% of barrack not occupied. Their comment: people are working on other area but they have to maintain presence otherwise they will be replaced by other people. 	Same solution as above
3	Sungai Batang at Tanjung Raya sub-district at Agam district	181 HH in 1 IDP camp	Yayasan Aksi Cepat Tanggap (ACT Foundation)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SPHERE standard concern Limited water for toilet 	Need relocation to safer area, since the previous area in Tanjung Sani has been declared as Red Zone.
4	Lubuk Laweh, Nagari Tandikek, Patamuan sub-district at Padang Pariaman district	45 shelters and 20 occupied	Qatar (?)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The housing area quite far from school. No public facilities for gathering and mosque The community have skills in farming and agricultural, their lands are rich and market is quite near. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landslide affected IDP Need PSP intervention to rebuild the community structure and their mental health. Need livelihood program.

#	Location	Unit or # HH	Agency	Findings	Remarks
5	Parik, Korong Sinia Aie, Nagari Malalak Selatan, Malalak sub-district, Agam District	There are 2 locations. The first are 6 Shelters and the other are 25 shelters	People in Need	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Land is the issue to this community and they cannot afford to buy new land. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The people are from landslide prone area, from 6 areas only 1 area declared as green zone. They need support on PSP and livelihood program.

3 Current activities

- As a result of the meetings with village officials (mostly Wali Nagari) several activities are occurring
 - Networking amongst Wali Nagari
 - Approach to government
 - Approaches to agencies
- Several agencies are working with affected HH however there is no centralized response plan
- Government departments are addressing land issues including trans migration and resettlement however it is expected that final results may take one to two years
- Several agencies in particular Save the Children are working in DRR programs and also considering community rehabilitation

4 Observations

The cluster coordination team visits to these communities expecting to facilitate connections between households needing shelter support and available agencies.

However as the conversations have unfolded it has become clear that shelter is not the only issue facing these groups and many communities are deeply traumatised.

Unlike places where houses have been destroyed and lives lost these households have also literally had their lives, livelihoods and communities swept away.

One member said "after the disaster we were together in our loss, but now we try to make our way on our own and we are lonely"

It is our view that the needs of these people are unique and profound and we urge agencies to consider design and implementation of community programs to support recovery and reestablishment of livelihoods, shelter, basic services, and hope.

5 Needs and recommendations

5.1 Needs

1. Assistance to reunite and restructure.
2. Support for the community to appraise their resources and help them to make a community plan, and mainly for shelter and livelihoods.
3. PSP via community rebuilding to manage the trauma they have experienced.
4. Encouragement and advice to raise the land issues to government as community.
5. For land displaced assist the community to appraise their resources and help them to make a transitional community plan, mainly for livelihood, since the government relocation program is not certain yet.

5.2 Recommendations

1. That agencies with capacity for DRR/community rehabilitation meet and engage with the groups identified in the IOM OCHA report
2. That shelter agencies offer transitional shelter support to HH in camp situations. It must be noted that engagement with some agencies managing camps have been problematic and so approaches must be made with particular sensitivity
3. That local government in particular Wali Nagari be encouraged and supported to advocate on behalf of affected HH in their areas
4. That district coordination meetings keep the issues of special needs groups on the agenda.